Unified Analysis

Application of RTI Report findings (Jan 2007)

to

future program development

Partnership for Food Safety Education & Federal Liaisons





RTI Analysis

This report is one line of inquiry the Partnership has launched to inform decisions about the best way to have a measurable impact on foodborne illness in the US.





Why?

Mission of PFSE:

...dedicated to <u>preventing</u> foodborne illness by <u>educating</u> Americans at home and at work about safe food handling and by building awareness of food security.





FOCUS: Part 3 of RTI Report

What do CDC FoodNet data & other data sources reveal about hospitalizations related to foodborne illness?





Why hospitalization?

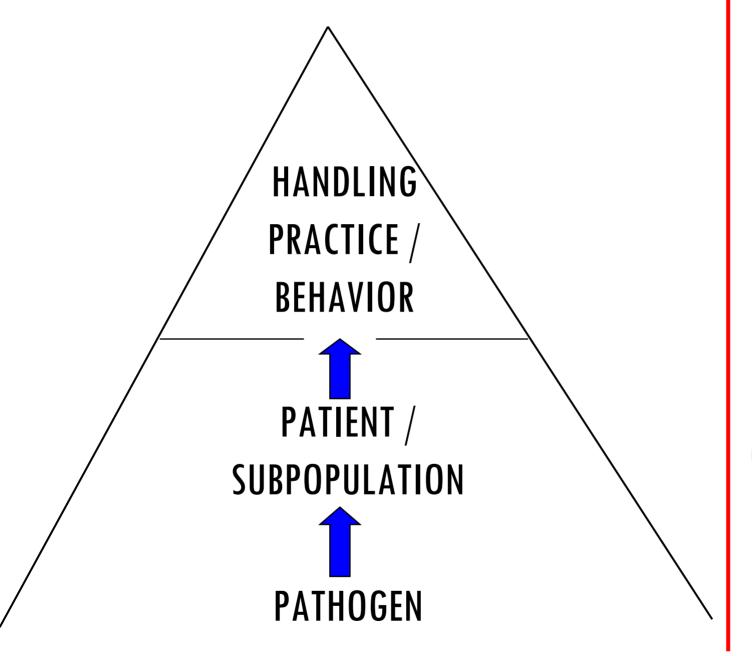
Impact on reducing serious FB illness.

What hospitalization data might tell us about:

- > pathogens most commonly implicated in serious FBI
- > the victims / patients of these illnesses
- ➤ how education programming might reach those people who could end up in the hospital w/complications of a serious FBI











Findings – Table 3-2

PATHOGEN

% of TOTAL HOSPITALIZATIONS

Salmonella

48 %

Campylobacter

24 %





Salmonella

Hospitalizations and Death Rates Among Persons with Salmonella infection, by age group, FoodNet sites 1996-1999

See Table 3-3





Campylobacter

Hospitalizations and Death Rates Among Persons w/ culture-confirmed Campylobacter infection, by age group, FoodNet sites 1996-1999

Table 3-4





Report recommends subpopulation targets...

➤ Parents and Guardians of Infants

See Figure 3-1

- Seniors with chronic illnesses that can be immunocompromising (eg cancer)
- > Seniors who live alone
- ➤ Older adult males & those w. more education *See Figure 3-2*





DISCUSSION

Fit of findings to Partnership mission

Fit of findings to developing trends in foodborne illness outbreaks per CDC

What are the "actionable" findings?





DISCUSSION

To join discussions on this topic, sign up to receive notices for meetings of the PFSE Program & Evaluation Wkg Grp.



